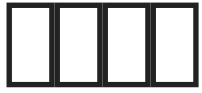


Centos4 安装 Bash 环境



Centos4 系统安装完成后，默认没有安装 Bash 环境，yum update 命令可以更新系统，但不会安装 Bash 环境。Bash 环境是 Linux 系统中最常用的 shell，也是 RPM 包管理系统的核心。安装 Bash 环境的方法有多种，这里介绍一种通过 RPM 包安装的方法。

1. 安装 RPM 包管理工具

```
$> mkdir -p /root/rpmbuild/{BUILD,RPMS,SOURCES,SPECS,SRPMS}
$> echo "%_topdir /root/rpmbuild/" > /root/.rpmmacros
$> rpm -Uvh http://vault.centos.org/4.9/updates/SRPMS/bash-3.0-27.el4.src.rpm
$> cd rpmbuild/
$> cd SOURCES/
$> wget http://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/bash/bash-3.0-patches/bash30-017
$> wget http://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/bash/bash-3.0-patches/bash30-018
$> wget http://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/bash/bash-3.0-patches/bash30-019
```

2. 安装 Bash 环境

```
$> cd ..
$> vi SPECS/bash.spec

Release: 27.2.019%{?dist}
2800 00 00 00

Patch17: bash30-017
Patch18: bash30-018
Patch19: bash30-019
```

3. 110 (%patch16 -p0 -b .016 ,).

```
%patch16 -p0 -b .016
%patch17 -p0 -b .017
%patch18 -p0 -b .018
%patch19 -p0 -b .019
```

4. RPM RPM

```
$> rpmbuild -ba SPECS/bash.spec
$> rpm -Uvh RPMS/□□□□/*.rpm
```

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