

# Mysql root 权限 恢复



## 1. Mysql 服务 停止

```
$> killall mysqld
```

## 2. Mysql 安装 目录 找到

```
/usr/local/mysql/bin/mysqld_safe ~~~-skip-grant-tables &
```

## 3. Mysql root 用户 登录

```
$> /usr/local/mysql/bin/mysql -u root mysql  
* 密码 输入 后 回车 "mysql>" 提示 出现
```

## 4. root 用户 密码 (Mysql 5.7 版本 以上 适用)

```
mysql> update user set password=password('12345678') where user = 'root';  
mysql> flush privileges;  
mysql> quit;
```

## 5. 再次 启动 mysql 服务

```
/usr/local/mysql/bin/mysql -u root -p
```

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