

postgresql 9.4.26 安装



1. db用户 创建 数据目录 权限

```
$> useradd psql
$> mkdir /home/data
$> chown -R psql: /home/data
```

2. source 安装 脚本

```
$> wget https://ftp.postgresql.org/pub/source/v9.4.26/postgresql-9.4.26.tar.gz --no-check-certificate
```

3. dependency 安装 依赖

```
$> yum install \
readline-devel \
zlib-devel \
openssl-devel \
tcl-devel -y
```

4. 编译 并 安装

```
$> ./configure --prefix=/usr/local/psql --with-openssl --with-tcl
$> make -j 4
$> make -j 4 install
```

DB 初始化

1. psql 初始化

```
$> su - psql
$> cd /usr/local/psql/bin
$> ./initdb -D /home/data
```

The files belonging to this database system will be owned by user "psql".

This user must also own the server process.

The database cluster will be initialized with locale "ko_KR.UTF-8".

The default database encoding has accordingly been set to "UTF8".

initdb: could not find suitable text search configuration for locale "ko_KR.UTF-8"

The default text search configuration will be set to "simple".

Data page checksums are disabled.

fixing permissions on existing directory /home/data ... ok

creating subdirectories ... ok

selecting default max_connections ... 100

selecting default shared_buffers ... 128MB

selecting default timezone ... ROK

selecting dynamic shared memory implementation ... posix

creating configuration files ... ok

creating template1 database in /home/data/base/1 ... ok

initializing pg_authid ... ok

initializing dependencies ... ok

creating system views ... ok

loading system objects' descriptions ... ok

creating collations ... ok

creating conversions ... ok

creating dictionaries ... ok

setting privileges on built-in objects ... ok

creating information schema ... ok

loading PL/pgSQL server-side language ... ok

vacuuming database template1 ... ok

copying template1 to template0 ... ok

copying template1 to postgres ... ok

syncing data to disk ... ok

WARNING: enabling "trust" authentication for local connections

You can change this by editing pg_hba.conf or using the option -A, or
--auth-local and --auth-host, the next time you run initdb.

Success. You can now start the database server using:

```
./postgres -D /home/data  
or  
./pg_ctl -D /home/data -l logfile start
```

2. ☐ ☐

```
$ /usr/local/psql/bin/postgres -D /home/data/ >logfile 2>&1 &
```

3. ☐ ☐ ☐

```
$> ps -ef | grep post  
psql  16193 16108 0 10:54 pts/0    00:00:00 /usr/local/psql/bin/postgres -D /home/data/  
psql  16195 16193 0 10:54 ?        00:00:00 postgres: checkpoint process  
psql  16196 16193 0 10:54 ?        00:00:00 postgres: writer process  
psql  16197 16193 0 10:54 ?        00:00:00 postgres: wal writer process  
psql  16198 16193 0 10:54 ?        00:00:00 postgres: autovacuum launcher process  
psql  16199 16193 0 10:54 ?        00:00:00 postgres: stats collector process  
psql  16201 16108 0 10:54 pts/0    00:00:00 grep --color=auto post
```

```
netstat -antp | grep postgres
```

(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)

```
tcp    0      0 127.0.0.1:5432        0.0.0.0:*              LISTEN  16193/postgres  
tcp6   0      0 :::1:5432             :::*                    LISTEN  16193/postgres
```

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